

From Levine Ramsey & Smidt, *Applied Statistics for Engineers and Scientists*, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, 2001. The circumference (in cms) and weight (in grams) is recorded for 22 pumpkins. Can one predict the weight from circumference?

Data Set Used in this Analysis :

```
# Math 3080 - 1      Pumpkin Data      March 1, 2014
# Treibergs
#
# From Levine Ramsey & Smidt, Applied Statistics for Engineers and
# Scientists, Prentice Hall, Upper saddle River, NJ, 2001.
# The circumference (in cms) and weight (in grams) is recorded
# for 22 pumpkins. Can one predict the weight from circumference?
#
"Circ" "Weight"
50 1200
55 2000
54 1500
52 1700
37  500
52 1000
53 1500
47 1400
51 1500
63 2500
33  500
43 1000
57 2000
66 2500
82 4600
83 4600
70 3100
34  600
51 1500
50 1500
49 1600
60 2300
59 2100
```

R Session:

R version 2.13.1 (2011-07-08)
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ISBN 3-900051-07-0
Platform: i386-apple-darwin9.8.0/i386 (32-bit)

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'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
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[R.app GUI 1.41 (5874) i386-apple-darwin9.8.0]

[History restored from /Users/andrejstreibergs/.Rapp.history]

```
> tt=read.table("M3082DataPumpkin.txt",header=T)
> attach(tt)
> names(tt)
[1] "Circ" "Weight"
> ##### SCATTERPLOT OF WEIGHT VS CIRC WITH REGRESSION LINE #####
> f1=lm(Weight~Circ)
> abline(f1,col=2)
> plot(Weight~Circ, main="Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Weight vs. Circumference")
> abline(f1,col=2)
> ##### DIAGNOSTIC PLOTS OF LINEAR MODEL #####
> layout(matrix(c(1,3,2,4),nrow=2))
> plot(f1)
> ##### SUMMARY AND ANOVA TABLE FOR LINEAR MODEL #####
> summary(f1); anova(f1)
```

Call:
lm(formula = Weight ~ Circ)

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-659.31	-106.72	-19.08	123.16	466.54

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-2629.222	259.823	-10.12	1.57e-09 ***
Circ	82.472	4.657	17.71	4.20e-14 ***

Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

Residual standard error: 277.7 on 21 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9372, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9343
F-statistic: 313.7 on 1 and 21 DF, p-value: 4.203e-14

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: Weight

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Circ	1	24196482	24196482	313.65	4.203e-14 ***
Residuals	21	1620040	77145		

Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

```
> layout(1)
> ##### REGRESSION LOG(WEIGHT) VS LOG(CIRC) #####
> f2=lm(log(Weight)~log(Circ))
> summary(f2); anova(f2)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(Weight) ~ log(Circ))
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.41569	-0.04353	0.03247	0.07678	0.19928

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-2.3159	0.5149	-4.498	0.000198 ***
log(Circ)	2.4396	0.1295	18.842	1.23e-14 ***

Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

Residual standard error: 0.1422 on 21 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9442, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9415
F-statistic: 355 on 1 and 21 DF, p-value: 1.231e-14

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: log(Weight)

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
log(Circ)	1	7.1801	7.1801	355.04	1.231e-14 ***
Residuals	21	0.4247	0.0202		

Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

```
> ##### SCATTERPLOT WITH FITTED POWER CURVE #####
> plot(Weight~Circ,main="Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Weight vs. Circumference")
> curve(exp(f2$coefficients[1]+f2$coefficients[2]*log(x)),30,86,col=4, add=T)
```

```

>
> ##### DIAGNOSTIC PLOT OF LOG-LOG REGRESSION #####
> layout(matrix(c(1,3,2,4),nrow=2))
> plot(f2)
>
> ##### REMOVE OBSERVATIONS 5 AND 6 FROM DATA #####
> W=Weight[-6:-5]; C=Circ[-6:-5]
> f3=lm(log(W)~log(C))
> summary(f3); anova(f3)

```

```

Call:
lm(formula = log(W) ~ log(C))

```

```

Residuals:
      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-0.179337 -0.014944 -0.002274  0.043806  0.155355

```

```

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.83368    0.32880  -5.577 2.23e-05 ***
log(C)       2.32695    0.08231  28.271 < 2e-16 ***
---
Signif. codes:  0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

```

```

Residual standard error: 0.08515 on 19 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9768, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9756
F-statistic: 799.2 on 1 and 19 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

Analysis of Variance Table

```

Response: log(W)
      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
log(C)  1  5.7946   5.7946  799.23 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals 19  0.1378   0.0073
---
Signif. codes:  0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

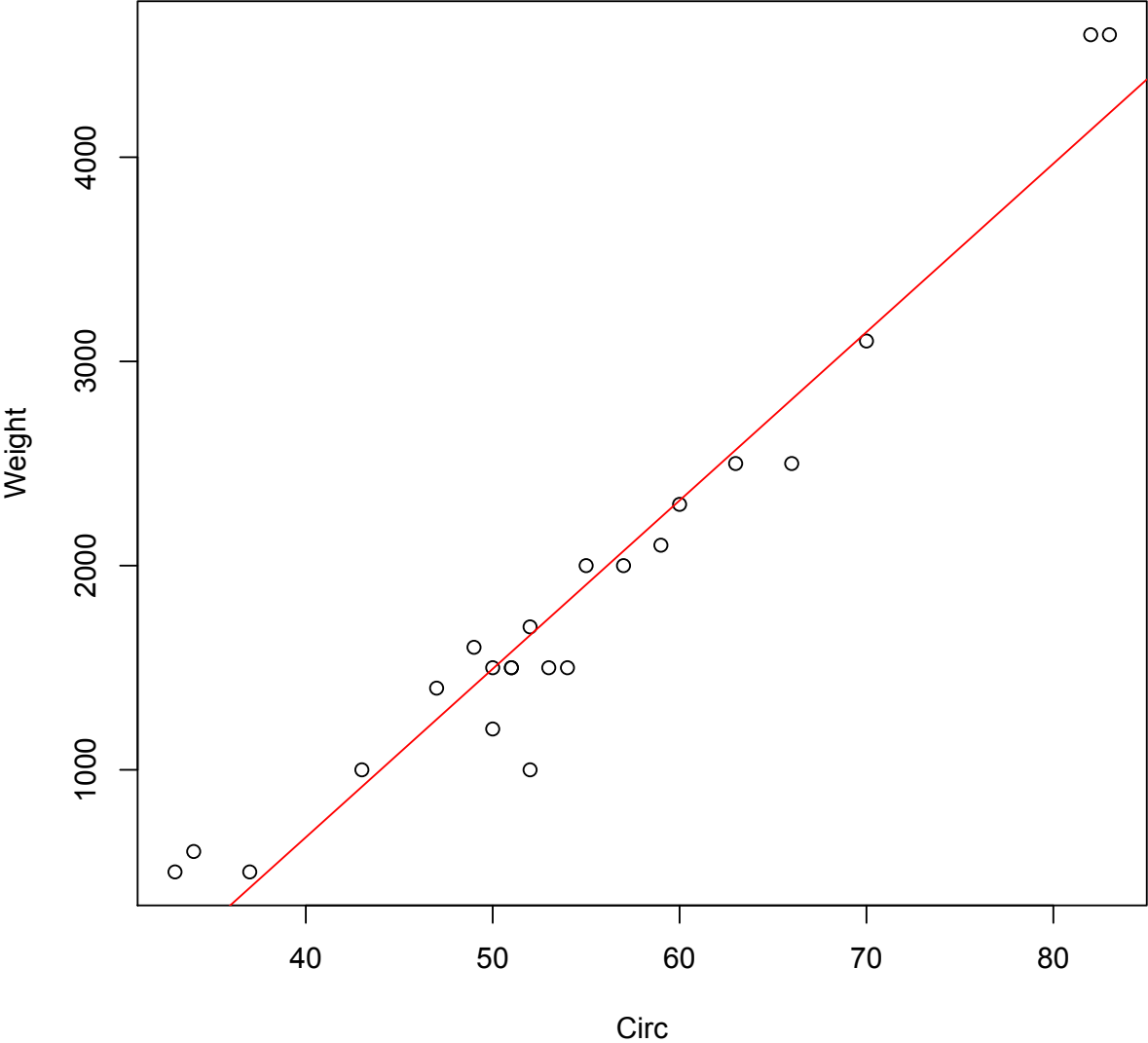
```

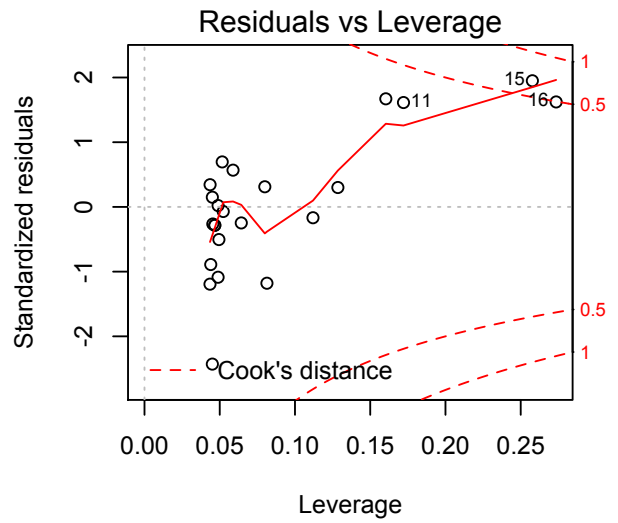
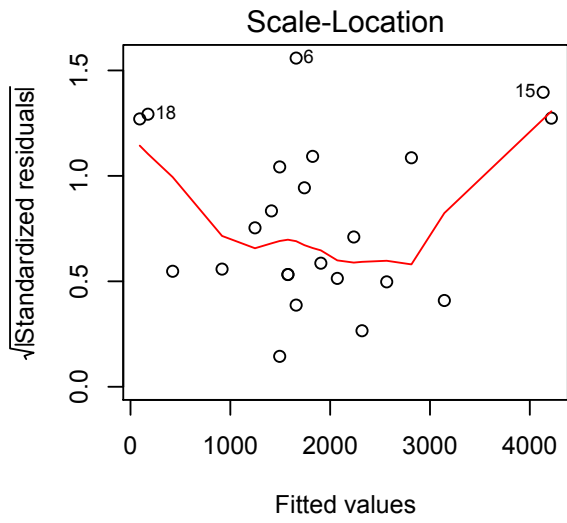
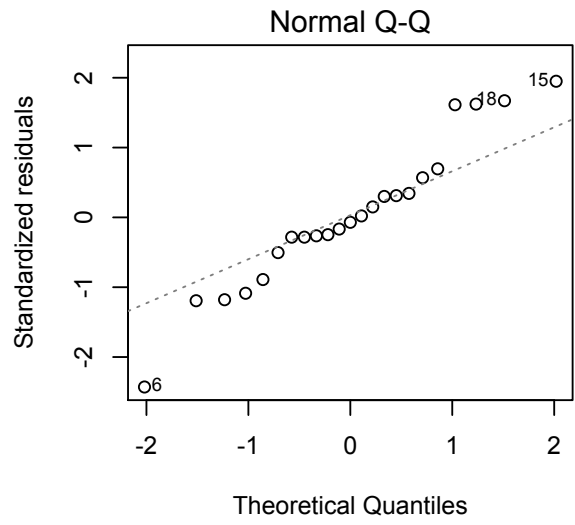
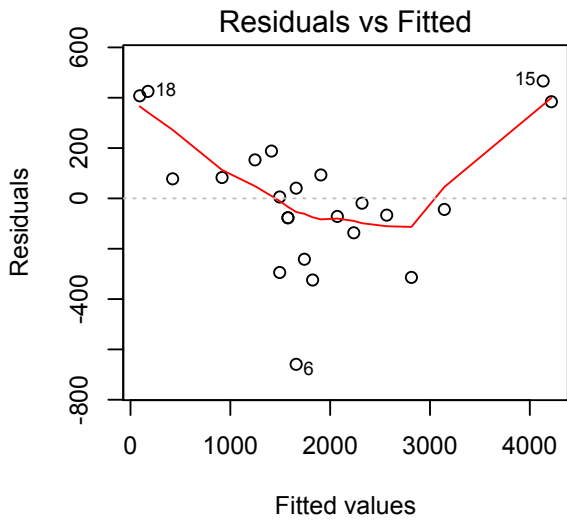
```

>
> ##### SCATTERPLOT OF DATA WITHOUT OBS 5 AND 6 #####
> layout(1)
> plot(W~C,main="Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Wt vs. Circ Omitting Obs 5,6")
> curve(exp(f3$coefficients[1]+f3$coefficients[2]*log(x)),30,86,col=4, add=T)
>
> ##### DIAGNOSTICS FOR REGRESSION WITHOUT POINTS 5 AND 6 ####
> layout(matrix(c(1,3,2,4),nrow=2))
> plot(f3)
>

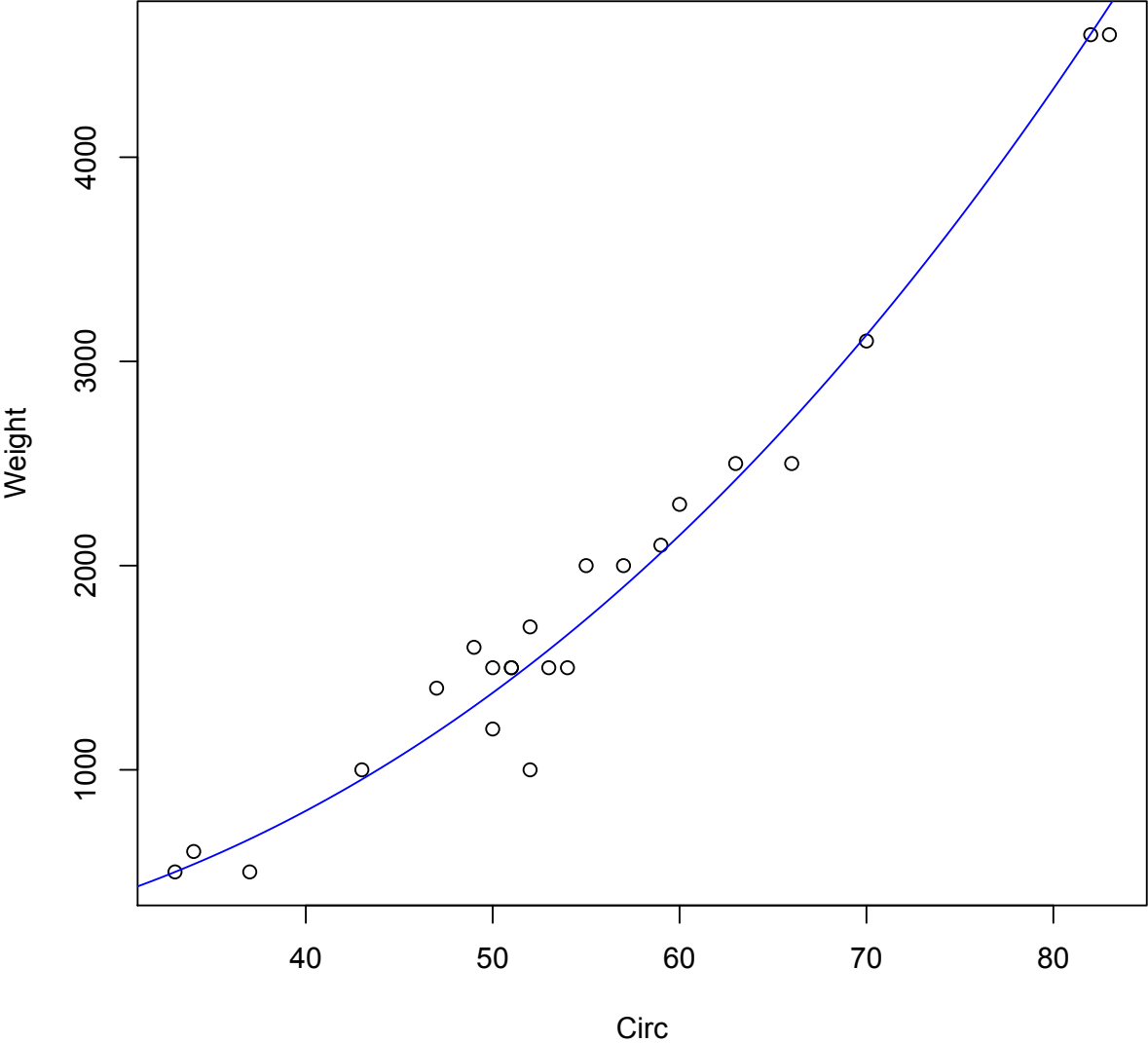
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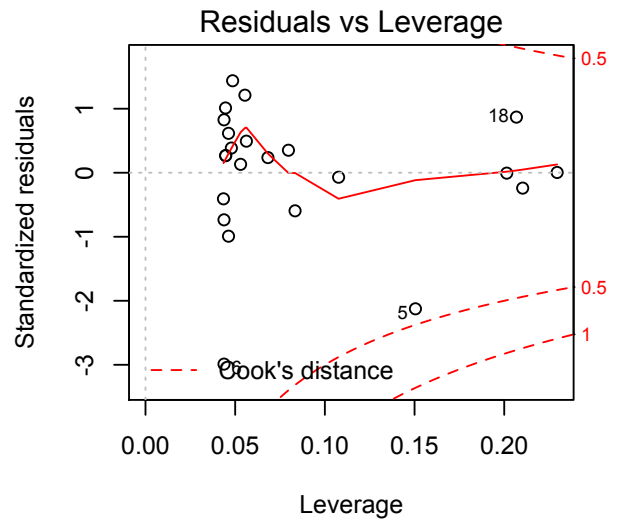
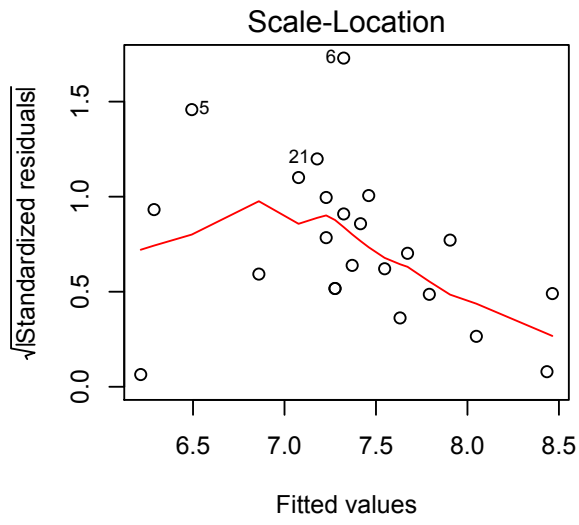
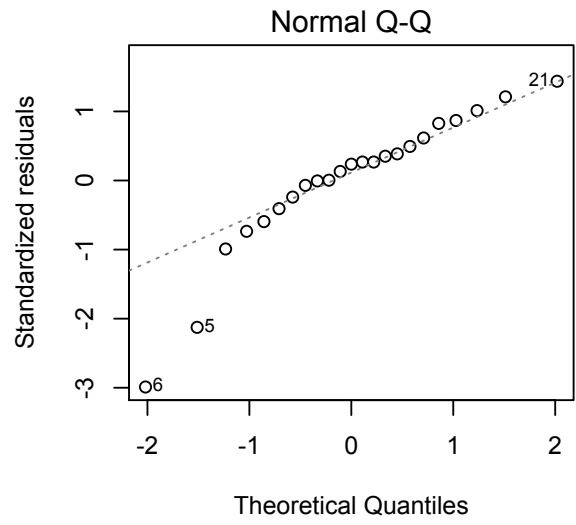
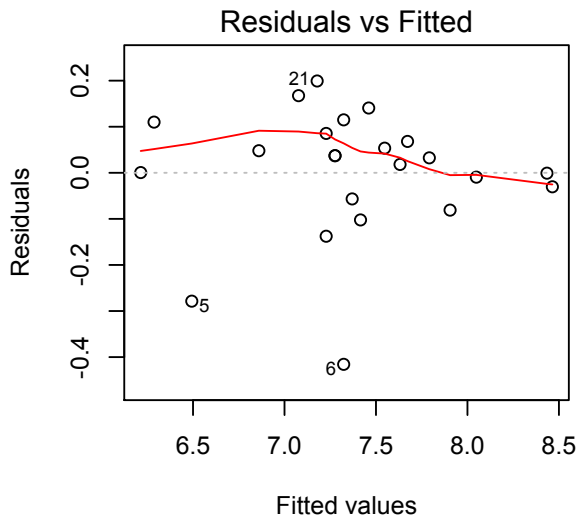
Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Weight vs. Circumference





Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Weight vs. Circumference





Scatter Plot of Pumpkin Wt vs. Circ Omitting Obs 5,6

